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APPLICATION NO.	FIL	ING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/803,703	0:	3/18/2004	Virgil Dean Haverdink	16319-US	6046	
30689	7590	06/02/2006		EXAM	EXAMINER	
DEERE & COMPANY ONE JOHN DEERE PLACE					CHARLES N	
MOLINE, II		ACL		16319-US 6046 EXAMINER GREENHUT, CHARLES N	PAPER NUMBER	
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				DATE MAILED: 06/02/2006		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
		10/803,703	HAVERDINK ET AL.				
Office Action	n Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
		Charles N. Greenhut	3652				
The MAILING DAT Period for Reply	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status							
1) Responsive to com	munication(s) filed on <u>07 Ap</u>	<u>oril 2006</u> .					
2a)⊠ This action is FINA	L. 2b)☐ This	action is non-final.					
3) Since this applicati	on is in condition for allowan	ice except for formal matters, pro	secution as to the	e merits is			
closed in accordan	ce with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	i3 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims							
4a) Of the above classified (a) Of the above classified (b) □ Claim(s) 11-28 is/a 7) □ Claim(s) □ is/a	re rejected.	vn from consideration.					
Application Papers							
 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. 							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 1	19						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
Attachment(s)							
	PTO-892) int Drawing Review (PTO-948) nent(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) .	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ite	O-152)			

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I. Claim Objections

1. The following objections are set forth to clarify that there is only a single slit made in the

protective wrap, as opposed to, any number of slits, made only in the protective wrap. The

objections are made in order for the claim language to agree with applicants remarks

submitted 4/7/06.

1.1. Claim 11 is objected to because, "severing a lowermost portion only the protective

wrap" in line 7-8, should read, --severing only a lowermost portion of the protective

wrap- -.

1.2. Claim 12 is objected to because, "and providing a single slit only in the protective

wrap" in line 3, should read, - - and providing only a single slit in the protective wrap-

II. Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

1. Claims 14, and 21-28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite

for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant

regards as the invention.

1.1. Claim 14 is incomplete for omitting essential structural cooperative relationships of

elements, such omission amounting to a gap between the necessary structural

connections. See MPEP § 2172.01. Applicant provides no detail as to how the

"tensioning structure" in line 3 is integrated into the apparatus, i.e., what the

"tensioning structure" is a component of.

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1.2. Claim 14 recites the limitation, "the tensioned portion of the wrap" in line 4. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim since there has been no prior recitation of tensioning a portion of the wrap, merely a "tensioning structure" provided therefor.

1.3. Claim 21 recites the limitation, "the tensioned area of the wrap" in line 7. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim since there has been no prior recitation of tensioning an area of the wrap, merely a "bale supports" provided therefor.

III. Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

- 1. Claim(s) 11-16, and 18-28 is/are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over DEUTSCH in view of LAMBERT (US 3,853,235 A).
 - 1.1. With respect to claims 11-16, and 18-20 DEUTSCH discloses a flexible protective wrap containing cotton defining a bale for moving cotton to a gin for processing (Col. 1-2). DEUTSCH fails to disclose a conveying structure, a separating structure a wrap engaging structure. LAMBERT discloses a conveying structure including a conveyor (6), a separating structure including a cutter/knife (24)/(24') adjacent the receiver inlet in the bale's path (Figs. 1-2), a wrap support including an elongated member (42)/(42') and a wrap processing structure (at 4e). It would have been

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obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to open the wrapped bales of cotton of DEUTSCH using the apparatus of LAMBERT in order to facilitate separate processing of the package and its contents.

- 1.2. With respect to claims 21-28, DEUTSCH discloses a protective wrap defining a deformable cotton bale for movement of cotton to a gin for processing (Col. 1-2). DEUTSCH fails to disclose a conveying structure, a separating structure a wrap engaging structure. LAMBERT discloses a conveyor (6), bale handler (10)/(20), with spreadable supports (Fig. 9-10), cutter (24)/(24'), vacuum (Col. 7 Li. 2), retractable wrap engaging means (Figs. 9-10) having an elongated member (44)/(44').
- 2. Claim(s) 17 is/are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over DEUTSCH in view of LAMBERT and further in view of LANDE (US 5,282,713 A).
 - 2.1. With respect to claim 17, DEUTSCH fails to teach an air duct. LANDE teaches an air duct (Col. 7 Li 27 et seq.). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify DEUTSCH in view of LAMBERT with the duct of LANDE in order to facilitate separate processing of the package and its contents.

IV. Response to Applicant's Arguments

Applicant's arguments entered 4/7/06 have been fully considered.

1. Applicant argues that claims 1-10, as amended, are allowable because the prior art fails to show or suggest inserting an elongated wrap engaging structure into a cotton bale, tensioning a lower portion of the wrap using a lower wrap engaging structure, moving the tensioned lower portion of the protective wrap in a conveying direction against a severing device and

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draping the protective wrap over the wrap engaging structure. This argument is persuasive.

Accordingly the rejections of claims 1-10 are withdrawn.

- 2. Applicant argues that claims 11-20, as amended, are allowable because the prior art fails to show or suggest a flexible wrap containing cotton, conveying structure, and a separating structure for separating only a lowermost portion of the protective wrap. This argument is not persuasive. LAMBERT does show severing a lowermost portion. LAMBERT additionally shows a tensioning structure, e.g., the knives themselves or the guides, sufficient to meet the limitations of applicant's claim since no specific structure of that element is required by the claim language. With respect to claim 12, the step of providing only a single slit does not distinguish over LAMBERT in an apparatus claim because as long as the apparatus is capable of performing that function it meets the claim limitation, which the LAMBERT structure is. Furthermore, a single slit is, in fact, provided in LAMBERT, albeit multiple times. With respect to claim 15, a wrap support is shown at (42). Examiner acknowledges the difference between the tensioning and severing structure of applicants preferred embodiment and that of the prior art of record, however, additional structural recitations with respect to these elements are necessary in order to define over the prior art of record. Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims.
- 3. Applicant argues that claims 21-28, as amended, are allowable because the prior art fails to show or suggest spreadable bale supports providing tension and a cutter. This argument is not persuasive. Figs. 9 and 11 of LAMBERT clearly show spreadable bale supports which will effectively tension the wrap (4) and providing a slit (via 12). Examiner acknowledges the

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difference between the tensioning and severing structure of applicants preferred embodiment

and that of the prior art of record, however, additional structural recitations with respect to

these elements are necessary in order to define over the prior art of record. Although the

claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not

read into the claims.

V. Conclusion

1. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office

action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant

is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

2. A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS

from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS

of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end

of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will

expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR

1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event,

however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of

this final action.

3. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner

should be directed to Charles N. Greenhut whose telephone number is (571) 272-1517. The

examiner can normally be reached on 7:30am - 4:00pm EST.

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4. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor,

Eileen D. Lillis can be reached on (571) 272-6928. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571) 273-8300.

5. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published

applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information

for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information

about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access

to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197

(toll-free).

CG

Kathy Matecki

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